

Micardis sale | Details and budget price - in Australia

An Overview of Micardis: Side Effects and Health Outcomes

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Overview and context

Micardis is a brand name for the active ingredient telmisartan, which belongs to the angiotensin II receptor blocker class. By blocking the action of angiotensin II, telmisartan helps blood vessels relax and reduces the pressure the heart must pump against.

Telmisartan is the drug's active ingredient. Primary evidence: management of hypertension and lowering some cardiovascular risks in selected adults. Typical strengths available in Australia include 20 mg, 40 mg and 80 mg film-coated tablets.

Rapid access to sections: practical dosing is described under [How to take effectively Micardis at what time of day](#). If you want to compare drugs or confirm the information costs, see [Similar pharmaceutical options in conjunction with their comparisons](#) and [Prices across Australia](#). Safety concerns and subtle the act of engaging in dialogues can reinforce culture. are in [Safety counsel and precautionary steps](#) and [Medicament the pattern of social interactions determines group dynamics.](#)

Using guidelines Micardis tablets

Always follow the prescription from your clinician. Telmisartan is usually taken once daily at about the same time each day. Tablets may be taken with food or on an empty stomach and should be swallowed with water.

- Typical initiation: 40 mg once daily for many adults; certain patients (for example, those at risk of low blood pressure) may start at 20 mg.
- Maintenance dosing: 20 mg to 80 mg once daily, adjusted based on blood pressure response and tolerability.
- Onset and full effect: some blood pressure lowering is seen early, but maximal reduction may take 2 to 4 weeks.

Do not stop treatment just because you feel well; hypertension often has no noticeable symptoms. For advice on missed tablets or accidental extra doses, see [Dose not taken at scheduled time that leads to she overdosed](#).

Who would be an appropriate Micardis recipient?

- Treatment of high blood pressure in adults, alone or combined with other antihypertensive agents.
- Reduction of cardiovascular risk in selected older adults (for example, those aged 55 and over at high risk of major cardiovascular events) when appropriate and when ACE inhibitors are not suitable.

Good blood pressure control reduces the risk of stroke, heart attack, heart failure progression and kidney damage. If Micardis is unsuitable, various options are discussed in [Drugs with similar profiles plus their comparisons](#).

Missing dose and overdose risk

If you forget to take a dose, take it at once when you remember, unless the next dose is near. If the next dose is about due, skip the i skipped the dose and resume your typical schedule. Please do not mix. doses by taking extra pills.

If an intentional overdose is suspected, seek urgent medical advice. In Australia you can contact the Poisons Information Centre on 13 11 26 or attend the nearest emergency department. For emergencies that threaten life, dial 000.

Mitigation tips and recommendations for safety

- **Pregnancy:** Do not take telmisartan if you are pregnant or plan to become pregnant. Angiotensin receptor blockers can cause fetal harm, particularly in the second and third trimesters. If pregnancy is confirmed, stop the medicine and speak to your prescriber immediately.
- **Breastfeeding:** Use during breastfeeding is generally not advised because evidence is limited. Discuss safer additional choices with your healthcare provider.
- **Pre-existing conditions:** Inform your clinician if you have kidney or liver disease, bile duct obstruction, heart failure, coronary disease, dehydration, or high potassium. Dosage adjustments and health monitoring may be required.
- **System monitoring:** Your prescriber may check blood pressure, renal function (creatinine/eGFR) and serum potassium after starting or changing the dose.
- **Allergies:** Tell your prescriber about any previous reactions to telmisartan, other ARBs or ACE inhibitors.
- **Medications and supplements:** Provide a complete list of prescription, over-the-counter and herbal products; see [Medication potential the exchange between people risks](#) for representative examples.
- **Feeling dizzy and driving:** You may feel lightheaded when you begin treatment or after dose changes. Until you know how Micardis affects you, avoid driving or operating machinery and rise slowly from sitting or lying positions.
- **A beverage containing alcohol:** A beverage containing alcohol can increase the likelihood of dizziness and enhance blood pressure lowering; limit consumption.
- **Procedures:** Inform doctors and dentists that you take telmisartan before any planned surgery or invasive procedure.

Don't apply if

- You are pregnant or intend to become pregnant.

- You have a known allergy to telmisartan or any ingredient of the tablet.
- You have severe liver impairment or biliary obstruction unless under specialist advice.
- You have uncontrolled high potassium (hyperkalaemia) that cannot be managed.
- You are taking aliskiren and have diabetes (concurrent use is not recommended).

If any of these apply, speak to your healthcare provider about suitable other possible paths. See [Similar drugs and how they compare](#) for other options commonly used.

Possible negative outcomes

Many people tolerate telmisartan without problems. When minor side effects happen, they are usually mild and brief. Notify your doctor or pharmacist if minor side effects persist or are troublesome.

Usual mild reactions and patterns

- Cephalalgia or fatigue commonly reported
- Unsteadiness, particularly when treatment is started
- Upper respiratory symptoms such as nasal congestion or sinusitis
- Stomach upset including nausea, indigestion or diarrhea
- Muscle cramps, back pain
- Swelling of ankles or lower limbs
- Cough

Stark or uncommon reactions

- Severe hypotension and collapse.
- Elevated potassium levels causing weakness, palpitations or arrhythmias
- Allergic responses including swelling of face, lips, tongue or throat and breathing difficulty
- Worsening heart failure or new irregular heart rhythms
- Changes in kidney function or reduced urine output

- Impaired sexual function

If you experience severe breathing problems, marked swelling of the face or throat, chest pain, or symptoms of stroke seek immediate emergency care.

Drug combination the act of engaging in dialogues with others are the core of collaboration.

Certain medications and supplements can alter the effects of telmisartan or increase the risk of undesired consequences. Always recheck for accuracy. with a pharmacist or prescriber before starting or stopping any treatment.

- Potassium-sparing diuretics (for example spironolactone or eplerenone), potassium supplements or salt substitutes that contain potassium
- Diuretics such as hydrochlorothiazide or furosemide, which can increase the chance of low blood pressure when combined with telmisartan
- Other renin-angiotensin system drugs: ACE inhibitors, other ARBs or aliskiren (combined use is generally avoided)
- Non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) like ibuprofen or naproxen, which may reduce blood pressure control and affect kidney function
- Lithium, as telmisartan can increase lithium levels with the addition of the risk of toxicity
- Digitalis (digoxin), where performance monitoring of levels may be warranted
- Trimethoprim or trimethoprim-sulfamethoxazole, which can raise potassium

If you are unsure whether a new medicine is safe to take with Micardis, ask your pharmacist for advice.

Storage room

Keep Micardis in its original blister pack to protect it from moisture. Store at around 25C with permitted short excursions between 15C and 30C. Keep out of reach and sight of children and do not use after the expiry date shown on the pack.

Medicines that are alike and their comparisons

If telmisartan is not tolerated or is not appropriate for you, several other agents may be used depending on your health needs and other medicines you take. Choice is individualized.

Other ARBs to consider

- An ARB drug called losartan
- Valsartan for hypertension
- Irbesartan for hypertension treatment
- Candesartan in hypertension management
- Olmesartan in tablet form
- Eprosartan medicine

Non-ARB antihypertensive classes

- ACE inhibitors such as perindopril, ramipril or lisinopril
- Calcium channel blockers like amlodipine or felodipine
- Thiazide or thiazide-like diuretics including hydrochlorothiazide or indapamide
- Multi component offerings, for example telmisartan with hydrochlorothiazide, for people needing two agents in one tablet

Compare before deciding with ACE inhibitors, ARBs such as telmisartan are less likely to cause cough or angioedema. Differences among ARBs include duration of action, onset paired with the strength of evidence for specific cardiovascular outcomes. Coordinate with your prescriber to identify the best option.

For cost considerations in Australia, see [Prices charged in Australia](#).

Australian prices indicated in Australian dollars

Out-of-pocket costs vary by brand, pharmacy and whether you qualify for PBS subsidies. The following are approximate figures and may change.

- PBS co-payment: Many telmisartan formulations are listed on the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme. Typical PBS patient co-payments are generally in the low tens of Australian dollars per prescription for general patients, and lower for concession card holders, subject to current PBS rules.

- Private (non-subsidised) prices: Generic telmisartan tablets (for example 40 mg, 30 tablets) can commonly cost approximately AUD 10 to 35, depending on brand and pack size. Branded products may be more expensive.
- Comparative custom pricing: Generic losartan or irbesartan products are often at the lower end of the price range, while some branded ARBs can cost more when purchased privately.

Ask your pharmacist which brands and pack sizes are available, whether PBS applies to your prescription, and which option is most economical for your dose and needs.

The status of Australian law and policy

- Prescription requirement: Telmisartan (Micardis) is classified as Schedule 4 (S4), a prescription-only medicine. You need a valid prescription from an authorised prescriber.
- PBS listing: Many telmisartan products are subsidised under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme for eligible patients.
- ePrescriptions and telehealth: Prescriptions can be issued in person or via approved telehealth services where clinically appropriate and within Australian regulations.
- Personal importation: Under the TGA Personal Importation Framework, an individual may import up to a three month supply of a prescription medicine for personal use if they hold a valid prescription and meet scheme criteria. However, having your medicine supplied locally is generally recommended.
- Fitness for safety-critical tasks: If telmisartan causes dizziness or drowsiness you should not drive or operate machinery until you are confident it is safe to do so.

For quick reminders on use and dosing, return to [Summary and background](#) and [How to take responsibility Micardis for optimal absorption](#).

- [How expensive is Lyrica without insurance?](#)
- [Uses, After effects, and More for Tadalafil Strong](#)
- [Therapeutic Efficacy of Generic Prednisolone Relative to Other Options](#)

[Additional info about Micardis](#)